



IT for Forensic Science

Tasanawan Soonklang

Introduction

- IT: two terms

Information Technology

- “Any **technology** that helps to produce, manipulate, store, communicate, and/or disseminate **information**” - Wikipedia
- “the use of computers and software to **manage** information” - About.com

Technology

- the practical, especially industrial, use of scientific discoveries
 - Cambridge dictionary
- the practical application of science to commerce or industry

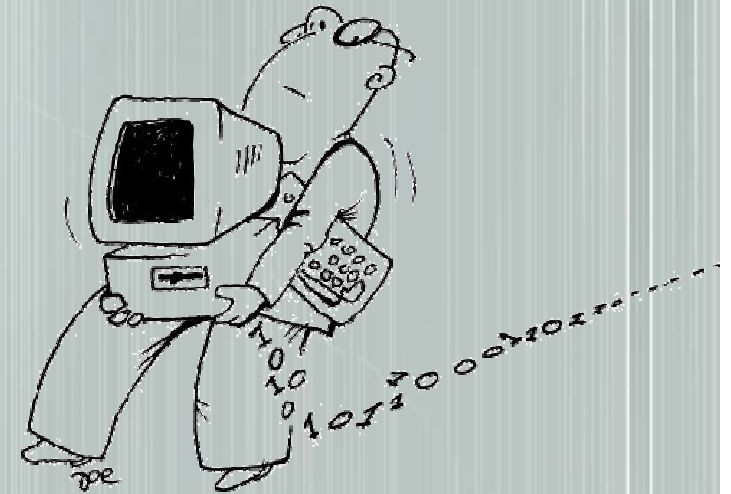
Information

- The end product of data processing
- Processing raw data into useful information



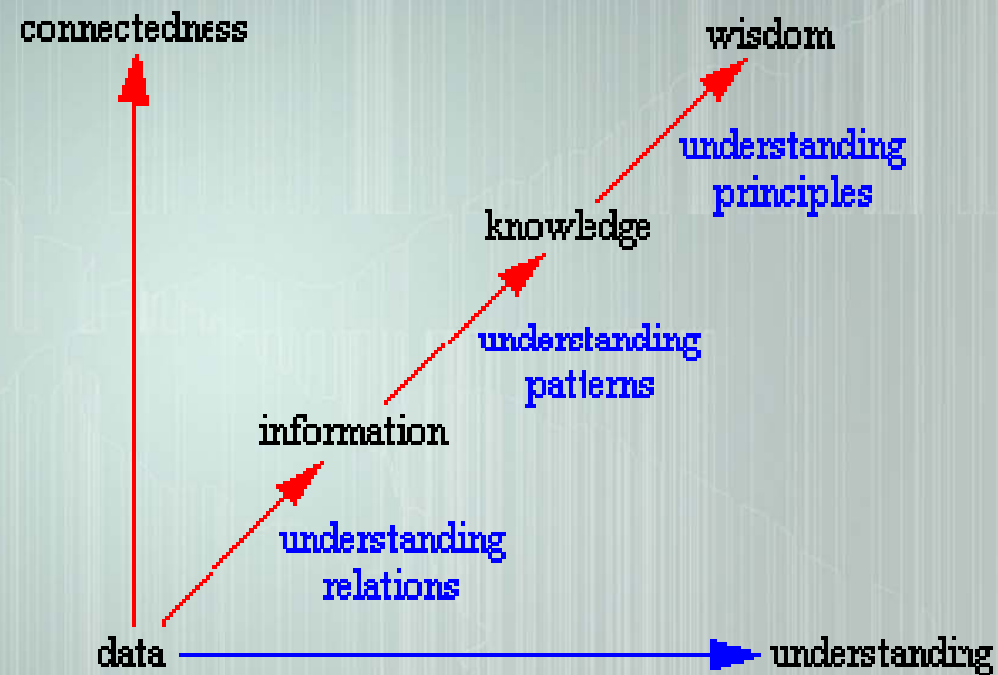
Data

- Raw data
 - Text
 - Image
 - Files
 - Sound
- Any kind of data



Information

Information



Source : www.systems-thinking.org

Process

- Storage
- Retrieve
- Classification
- Sorting
- Analyze
- Calculate
- Summarize

Tool

- Computer
- Computer network
- Telecommunication technology

Method

- Methodology in computer science
- Knowledge of a particular discipline

Computer Science

- Theory of computation
- Computational science
- Artificial Intelligence
- Computer networking
- Database systems
- Operating systems
- Computer graphics

Computing and Forensic Science

Data in forensic science

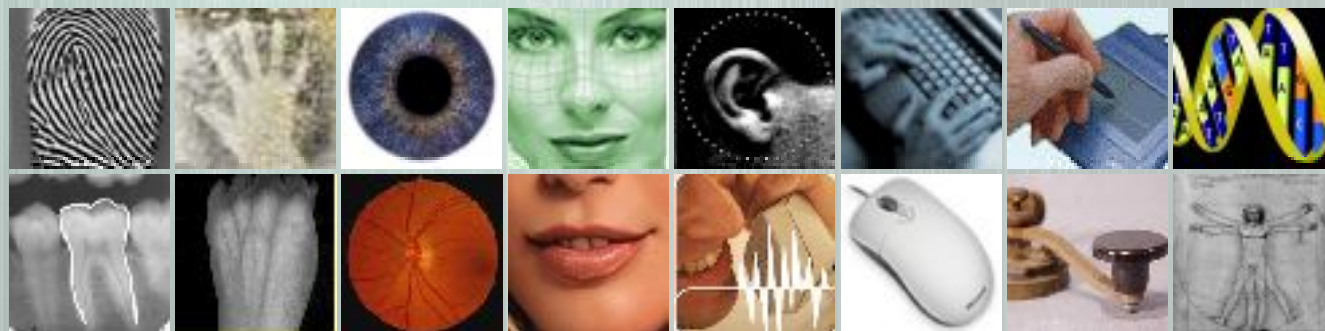
- Evidence
 - Person
 - Object
- Face
- Voice
- Statement
- Location

- Traditional
 - Something you know: PIN, password...
 - Something you have: key, token, card...

But does not insure that you are here and the real owner.

- Biometrics
 - Something you are: a biometric.

Types



Examples

- Fingerprint
- Palm print
- Facial recognition
- Voice recognition
- Handwriting recognition
- Gait recognition



Fingerprint

How does it work ?

Enrollment



Capture

Process

Store



Capture

Process

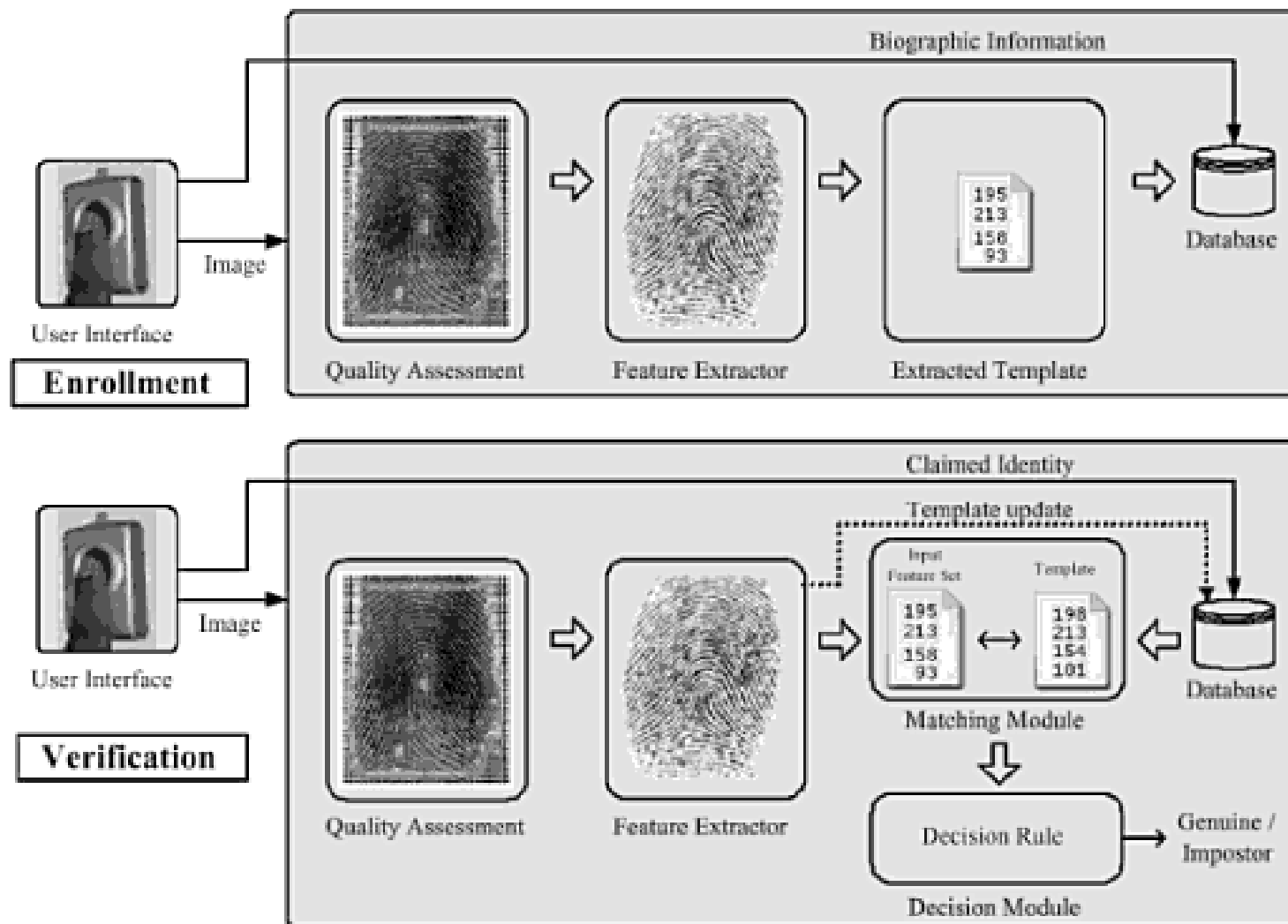
Compare

No Match

Match

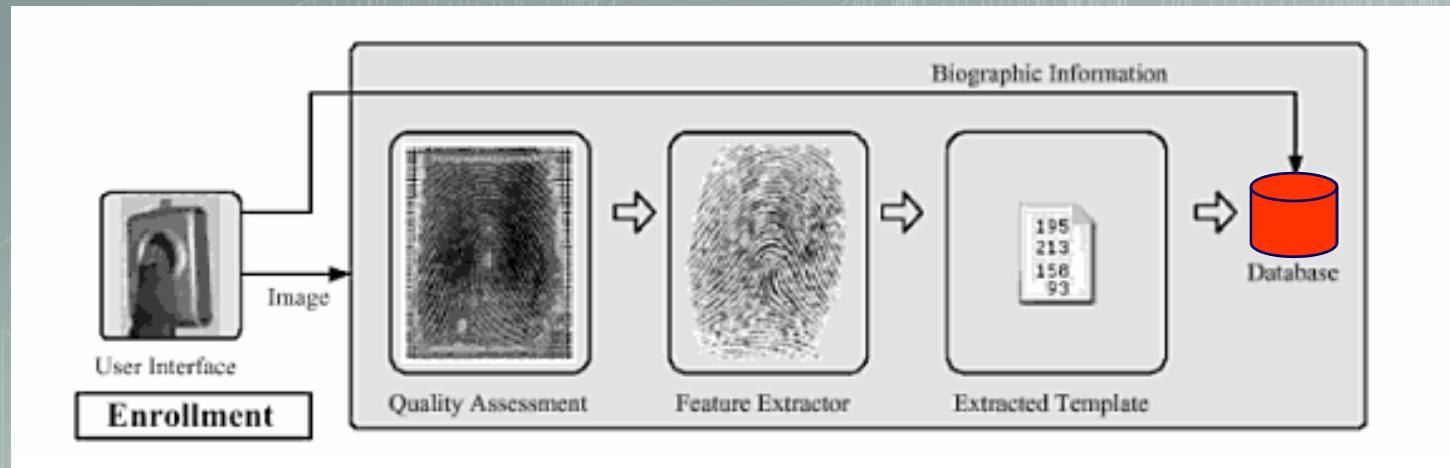
Verification

Example



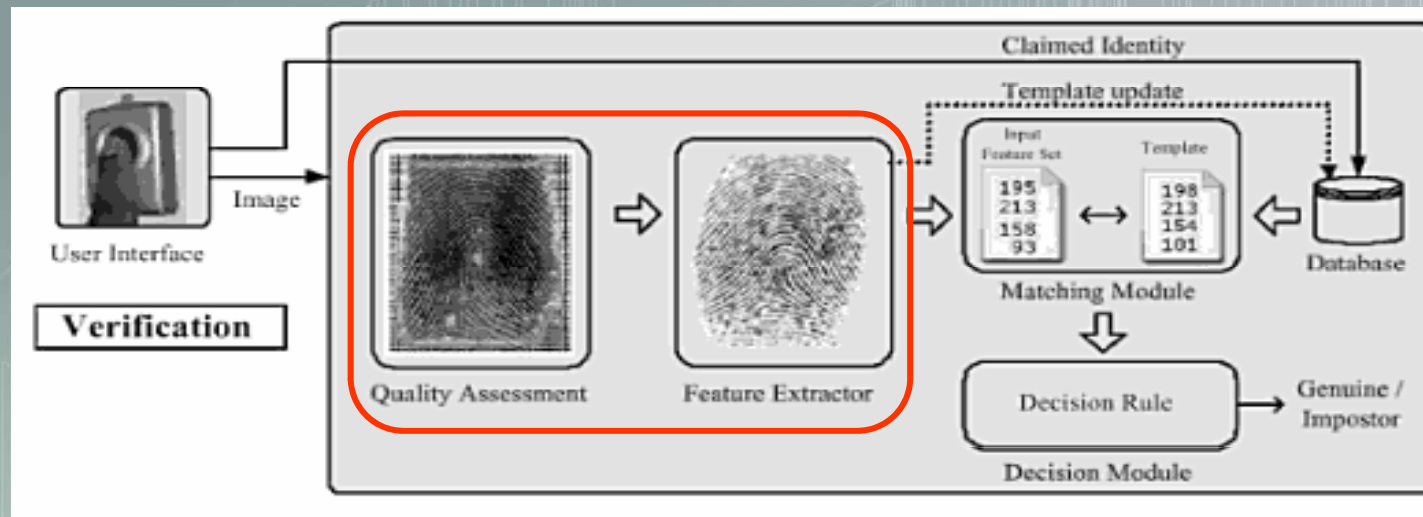
Original source : Anil Jain and Arun Ross (1999)

Example



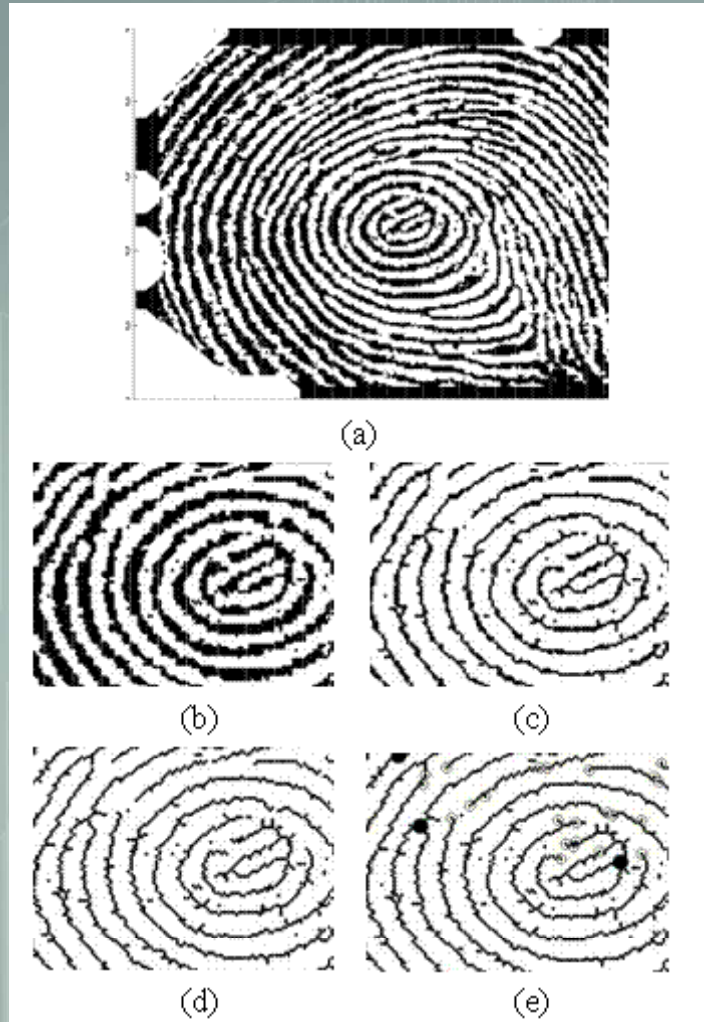
- Database
 - Storing matching templates
 - Querying templates
 - Database management
 - Security issues

Example



- Image processing
 - Assessing the quality
 - Enhancing the image

Example

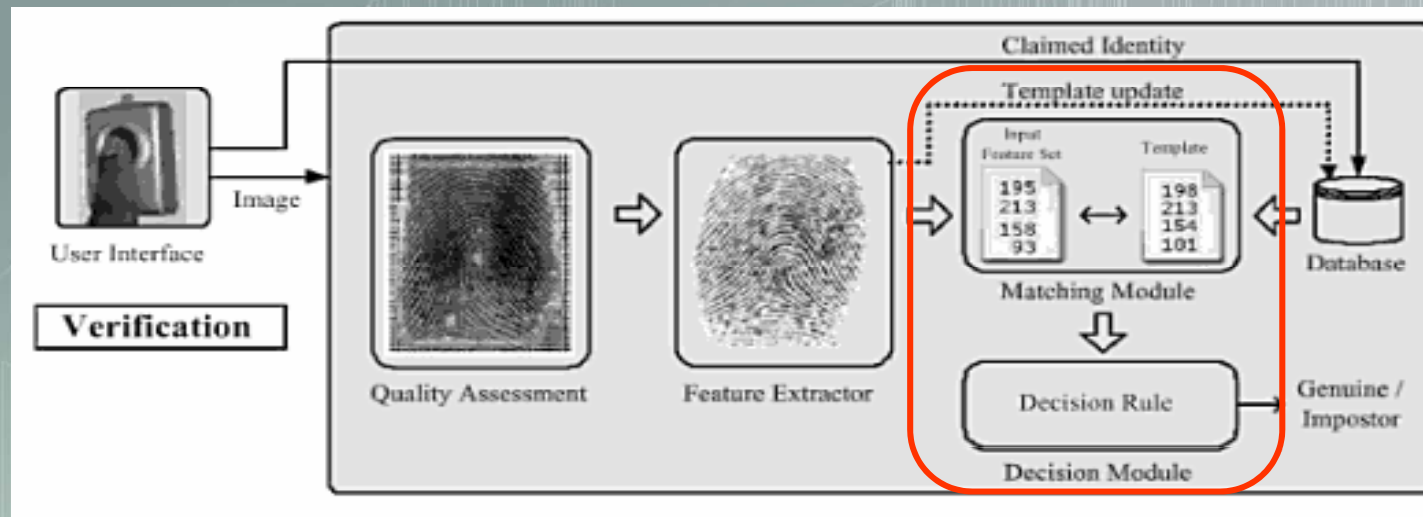


- **Image processing**

- a) The original
- b) A close-up of the original
- c) After 1st stage of thinning
- d) After 2nd stage of thinning
- e) After applying algorithm, showing bifurcations (black) and endpoints (grey)

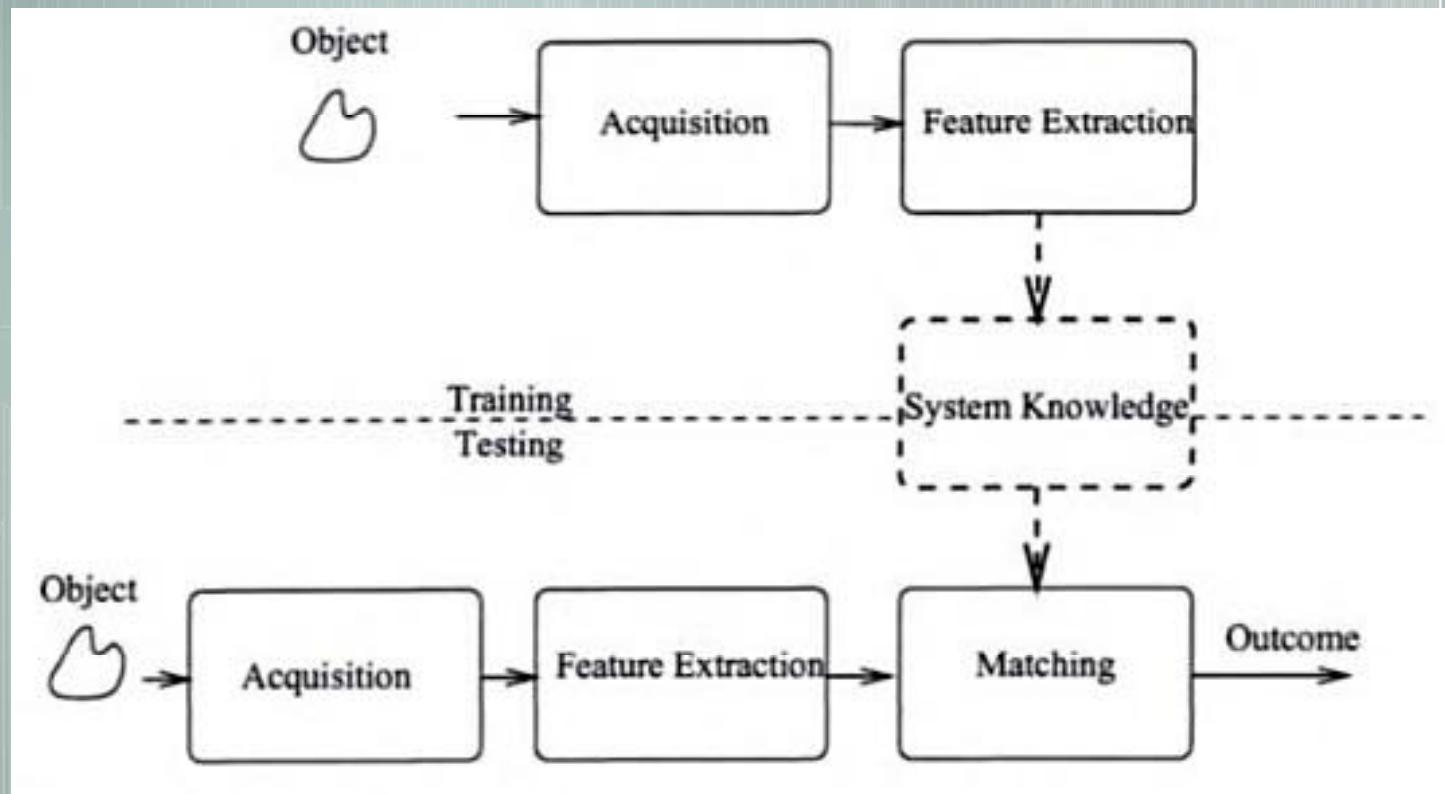
Original source : http://www.ee.ryerson.ca/opr/research_projects/graph_fingerprint.html

Example



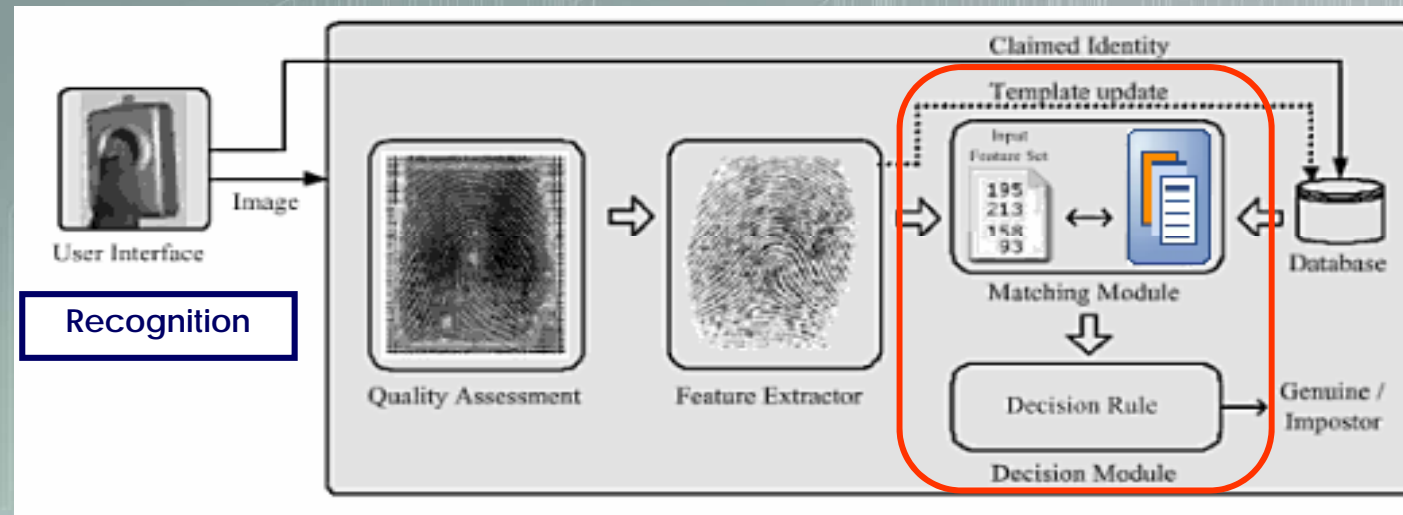
- Intelligent system
 - Pattern classification & recognition
 - Decision rules

- Pattern classification & recognition
 - Training and testing data
 - Machine learning



Original source : Anil Jain and Arun Ross (1999)

Example



- Information retrieval
 - Retrieval templates for recognition
 - Scoring
 - Evaluation

- Database system
- Data mining
- Knowledge-based system
- Intelligent system
- Information storage and retrieval
- Digital image processing
- GIS
- Computer modeling & simulation
- Computer network & security
- Cyber crime
- Computer & internet forensic

Database System

- An organized collection of data for one or more multiple uses.
 - Design
 - Management
 - Tools

Data Mining

- The process of extracting patterns from data.
 - Large volume of data
 - Uncover patterns
 - Mining process
 - Tools

Knowledge-based System

- The systems that use knowledge-based techniques to support
 - human decision-making,
 - learning
 - action.

Intelligent System

- The systems that perceive, reason, learn, and act intelligently.
 - Science and engineering
 - Making intelligent machines/agents

Information Storage & Retrieval

- The science of storing & searching for
 - documents,
 - information within documents
 - metadata about document
- Analysis, indexing, representation, storing, searching and retrieving, models and document processing

Image Processing

- The use of computer algorithms to perform image processing, usually, on digital images.
 - Output is
 - A modified image
 - A set of characteristics
 - Parameters related to the image

Geographical Information System

- The system that captures, stores, analyzes, manages, and presents data that are linked to location.
 - Applications and tools in GIS
 - Analysis and mapping crime investigation
 - Analysis of hot spots, density patterns and forecasting of crime patterns.

Computer Modeling & Simulation

- A computer program that attempts to simulate an abstract model of a particular system
 - Projectile simulator
 - Face modeling from a skull

Computer Network & Security

- The discipline concerned with connected communication between computer systems/devices
 - Computer networking
 - Internet
 - Devices
 - Security issues

Cyber Crime

- Any crime that involves a computer and a network
- Traditional crimes conducted through the Internet
 - Types of crime
 - Protection
 - Laws concerning IT security

Computer & Internet Forensic

- The study to explain the current state of legal evidence found in computers and storage media.
 - Extracting information
 - Gathering evidence
 - Sequence of events
 - Laws concerning this issue

Other Courses

- Internet Crime and Protection
- Data Warehouse for Crime Investigation
- Information Storage and Retrieval for Crime Investigation
- Applications of Geographical Information Systems in Forensic Science
- Digital Image Processing and Applications for Forensic Science